

The Intelligencer.

Office: Nos. 35 and 37 Fourteenth Street.

MR. SAM GEORGE, of Wellburg, the famous wool buyer, was in town yesterday. He bought this season 600,000 pounds, and is a believer in present prices for some time to come.

The British Grain Markets.

In our foreign market news this morning the outlook for British crops is decidedly blue. This means a largely increased demand from our exports are several millions ahead of last year, and it will not be surprising if the next six months witness a still heavier increase. Both wheat and corn are stronger yesterday at Chicago.

No Fire Crackers or Pistols on the Fourth.

We are requested by the Mayor to call attention to the fact that the ordinance against the discharge of fire arms, fire crackers and every species of explosives, on the Fourth of July, within the city limits, will be rigidly enforced this year, and that all offenders against the ordinance will be promptly arrested and dealt with according to law.

We are glad to see the Mayor taking this step, and we hope that the police officers will see that his order is rigidly enforced. The practice of carrying gunpowder in any shape on the streets is an intolerable nuisance, and a very silly and dangerous practice, and has no connection with patriotism or a proper observance of the day than any other species of disorder. The records of the country show that millions of property have been destroyed by such carryings on the 4th of July, to say nothing of the frightful accidents to life and limb that have happened. Therefore it is not only proper but like-wise imperative in the interest of the public good that the practice should be broken up.

The French Bonapartists.

The foreign news this morning announces that the Imperial faction have agreed on Prince Jerome Bonaparte as the head of the dynasty. This, notwithstanding the will of the late Prince, which it seems devised the succession to Prince Jerome's son, young Victor. This declaration in favor of the father rather than the son was regarded as a political necessity, and while it was not only not in accordance with the Imperial faction, (who was the head of the late Emperor's Cabinet, and one of his most trusted advisers,) yet it is personally so distasteful to him that he chooses to retire from any further active agency in the work of restoring the Imperial dynasty to power.

The whole scene really has very little importance in the eyes of France or of the world. The Republic is a fact not only accomplished but established. Only yesterday we interrogated a gentleman of this city who has lately spent several months in France, and who during that time traveled 8,000 miles within its territory, as to the feeling of the people, high and low, with whom he came in contact in reference to the Republic, and he tells us that public sentiment is overwhelmingly with the Republic, and that this is especially true of the tax paying classes.

THE ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.

The Complete Manner in Which the Democracy Have Been Put on the Record.

Both Houses of Congress adjourned sine die yesterday evening. The purpose of the Democrats was to have rushed through an adjournment on Monday, but under the rules this was impossible in case of objection being made to the joint resolution, which objection compelled it to lie over for one day. Had the Republican Senators chosen to permit the final adjournment resolution to have passed the Senate on Monday they would have been volunteers; by waiving rules, to an adjournment without having exhausted every means to secure the passage of the appropriation bills. The Democrats could not pass the adjournment resolution, unless the Republicans waived the rules. Mr. Windom, speaking for the Republicans, did not think it prudent party policy to do so. The result showed that his judgment was justified. The Democrats first had their attention called to the situation in the veto message. The President then immediately called the attention of Congress to the fact that Monday was the last day of the fiscal year; that no appropriations had been made for the Marshals; that justice would be obstructed without the Marshals, and recommending that appropriations be made. The Republicans then in both houses presented bills making appropriations for the Marshals without the political conditions. Mr. Windom's bill indeed omitted from its text all provisions for special Deputy Election Marshals, which gave an additional reason why the Democrats should have approved the bill, but the Democrats, as a party, voted down the proposition of the Republicans to appropriate for the Marshals after they had heard the President's second message, and they resolutely announced that it was the Democratic policy not to make any appropriations whatever. More than that, in the Senate they reaffirmed their position by voting upon the Windom bill the restricted features of the vetoed bill. In the House, so far as the rules would allow, the same thing was accomplished, except that no opportunity was offered to vote on the political features of the vetoed bill.

The issue is thus made up. The Democrats, on the threshold of the new fiscal year, refused the necessary appropriations by a united party vote, and yesterday, by the same vote, forced a final adjournment of Congress, leaving a very essential appropriation for the maintenance of the government unprovided for.

A Washington dispatch says that there were a number of Democrats who showed signs of relenting at the last moment, but they were whipped in by the aggressive spirits of the party. The dispatch says that "the moderate men seemed to keenly feel the position in which a failure to appropriate would place them."

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DOMESTIC NEWS.

The Extra Session Passes into History.

Adjournment of Congress Without Day.

The End Not So Boisterous as the Last Session.

The Monthly Public Debt and Coinage Statements.

Warren Smith Beats Hanlan's Best Time.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The President nominated John A. Hunter, of Missouri, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Utah.

COINAGE STATEMENT.

The total amount of gold coin and bullion in the Treasury January 24, the date of resumption, was \$135,382,030. The amount in the Treasury to-day is \$135,294,472. Coinage at the mints during July, 1879:

Denomination—Gold.	Pieces.	Value.
Double-eagles.	135,380	\$2,707,600
Half-eagles.	22,500	1,125,000
Total gold.	157,880	\$3,832,600
Silver—		
Half-dollars.	1,001,424	500,712
Quarter-dollars.	28,642	14,321
Three-cent pieces.	36,294	1,088,822
Five-cent pieces.	1,400,720	7,003,600
Total silver.	2,466,880	\$11,600,155
Total gold and silver.	2,624,760	\$15,432,755

The President this afternoon withdrew the nomination of R. S. Matthews as United States District Judge for Maryland, and submitted Thomas J. Morris, of Baltimore, and the Senate confirmed him without debate or division.

The Senate also confirmed John E. Hunter, of Missouri, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Utah; Lieut. Col. John Newton to be Colonel and Major George H. Mendell, Lieut. Colonel of Engineers.

THE APPROPRIATIONS.

The following memorandum of the appropriations have been furnished by the Treasury Department for the fiscal year 1879, \$124,129,424, and for 1880, \$140,000,485. The appropriations for the rivers and harbors were omitted for this year, and the Postoffice appropriation bill was \$3,000,000 less than in 1877; for 1879, \$140,340,309. This includes increased deficiencies, increased river and harbor appropriations and the Halifax fisheries award. The Treasury issued \$13,359,942 in standard silver dollars. Of this amount, \$6,518,912 have been returned. The amount now held in the Treasury is \$6,841,030. The total receipts of the Government for the fiscal year ending to-day from all sources amount to \$275,250,327. The total ordinary expenses, not including the interest on the public debt, amounted to \$104,548,384.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

For the month of June:	
Per cent bonds.	\$10,000,000
Five per cent bonds.	6,000,000
Four and a half per cent bonds.	20,000,000
Three per cent bonds.	60,000,000
Refunding certificates.	12,848,210
Saving pension fund.	14,000,000
Total per cent bonds.	\$112,848,210
Material bonds.	346,742
Legal tenders.	30,737,000
Certificates of deposit.	15,426,600
Refunding certificates.	17,880,000
Gold and silver certificates.	14,000,000
Total without interest.	\$100,888,742
Total debt.	\$213,736,952
Total interest.	20,792,812
Cash in Treasury.	\$38,162,577
Debt less cash in Treasury.	\$195,574,375
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WEST ALEXANDER.

Election of School Principal—Festival and Concert.

WEST ALEXANDER, July 1, 1879. Editors Intelligencer.

At a meeting of the School Board of this place, yesterday, Miss Annie Ruple, of Washington, Pa., was elected Principal of our common school. She occupied the unexpired term of last year, filling the place of Joseph A. McKee, deceased, and received the satisfaction of the directors and pupils.

AN INCREASE OF TEN MILLIONS.

In the Revenue of the Government Over Last Year—A Saving of Fourteen Millions in Interest.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—To-day was the last of the fiscal year, and Treasury officials were busy getting up the annual statement of finance of the government. The receipts of the year from internal revenue were about \$113,500,000, which is an increase of \$3,500,000 over the amount of last year's receipts. This shows an improvement in the business condition of the country, particularly as during the year the tax on tobacco has been reduced eight cents per pound.

The receipts for to-day, the last in the fiscal year, amounted to \$838,335, the largest received in a single day for a great while. The gain in internal revenue receipts is largely due to the more thorough enforcement of the laws in the South.

The receipts from customs this year will be about \$135,000,000, an increase of nearly \$6,000,000 over the previous year, which also shows an improvement in business, particularly when it is taken into consideration the fact that the balance of trade is largely in our favor by many millions than ever before.

The total increase in revenues of the Government has been about ten millions greater than the last fiscal year, while at the same time the expenditures have been nearly thirty-five millions more than they were during the previous year. This is because of the lavish appropriations of the Democratic Congress, and for this reason the reduction of the public debt is impossible for the year in our hands.

The Stenbockville Furnace.

Sheriff Smith this afternoon offered the Stenbockville Furnace property for sale, and it was knocked down to Joseph Beatty for \$50,000, but owing to some misunderstanding the sale did not hold good, and it was put up the second time, when no bid at all was received, and in consequence the sale was postponed for want of bidders.

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THE TIE.

Cincinnati Races.

CINCINNATI, July 1.—The opening of the trotting meeting at the Chester Park course to-day drew a large attendance, and with the fine weather and a splendid track there was most excellent sport.

The first race was for the 2:40 class, for a purse of \$1,000. Twelve started, and a dark horse won. Summary:

Banner Boy	2	2	2
Lizzie Smith	8	8	8
Manly the Driver	5	5	5
Singular	9	9	9
Wanderer	3	3	3
Walter	4	4	4
William	1	1	1
Judge	6	6	6
Star Line	7	7	7
Clanton	1	1	1

The second race was for the 2:21 class, same purse. Seven started. Summary:

Lucille	1	1	1
Dick Wright	2	2	2
Star Line	3	3	3
Belle Brandish	4	4	4
Ally	5	5	5
Scott's Thomas	6	6	6
Time 2:24, 2:25, 2:25.			

The Situation at Fall River.

FALL RIVER, MASS., July 1.—Spinners from out of town arrive in nearly every train, and it is stated that forty came in to-day. Tecumseh had quite a number of imported spinners and they had been quartered at Holy Tree Inn. To-night at 5 o'clock a crowd estimated at from 300 to 1,000, gathered in front of the inn, but the company had fitted up a tenement for them and the crowd was disappointed by their non-appearance. This evening, however, quite a number of women and boys gathered around the house where the spinners were, and the latter threw stones at the crowd. The police were sent for. The boys are provoking a troublesome element, and most of the stones were thrown by them.

For Not Doing His Duty.

CINCINNATI, July 1.—Judge Swing, in the United States District Court to-day, sentenced Gus. Clarke, a member of the city Council, to one year imprisonment and a fine of \$50 for a neglect of duty as Judge of Election at the last fall election, being held under the United States Supervisory law. Clarke's attorney will sue out a writ of habeas corpus and carry the case to the Supreme Court to test the constitutionality of the United States election law. The sentence was suspended for 30 days to enable the necessary legal steps to be taken.

Why It Exploded.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., July 1.—Haynes, engineer of the steamer May Queen, which exploded its boiler on the Minnetonka Lake, Saturday, is dead. Just before death he confessed that when the boat landed at Rockwell's Island, the boiler was low in the boiler, and when he started the machinery to back up, the pump was set in motion, and an explosion immediately followed, and there is no doubt that the pumping of cold water into the heated boiler was the cause of it.

Ohio Teachers.

CLEVELAND, July 1.—The Ohio State Teachers' Association are holding their thirteenth annual session here. The session of the Superintendents' section occupied to-day. The inaugural address of President Wm. Richardson, of Chillicothe, reviewed the school work of the State in the past year. Addresses by Prof. Tuttle, of Columbus, Hinkle, of Salem, Fessenden and Turrell, of Cincinnati. The Association will continue its sessions during Wednesday and Thursday.

A Horrible Death.

BOSTON, July 1.—A shocking scene occurred at the slaughter house of Henry Gunseisen, at West Somerville to-day. Henry was an employe, fifty years of age, was leading a bull into the slaughter house, when the rope became loosened, and the animal caught. While the navel with one horn and ripped the body completely open, causing instant death.

Best Time on Record.

BOSTON, July 1.—The single scull race for \$500 aside, between Warren Smith, of Halifax, and Evan Morris, of Pittsburgh, lasted 14 miles and turned, took place at Silver Lake this afternoon. Smith won by half a length in the fastest time on record, 21m and 5s, the next best time being made by Hanlan in 1878, in 21m and 7s.

Arrested for Murder.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 1.—Charles Herman and Thomas Welsh were arrested here to-day for the murder of Wm. Martin, real estate broker, who was mysteriously beaten to death in his office at Philadelphia some time ago. The charge is made by a woman claiming to be Herman's wife.

On the War Path.

GALVESTON, July 1.—A special from Austin says news has been received of a fight between State troops and a party of Indians at the head of Comph River. One Indian was killed and several wounded; the rest escaped. The State troops lost several horses and pack mules. They are still pursuing the Indians.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS.

The spinners at Fall River are returning to work.

The talk in the Catholic circles in New York is that the West is to have a Cardinal.

Lieutenant McCauley, of Atlanta, Ga., suicided yesterday on account of losses at the gaming table. He was deeply involved over thousands of dollars.

During the session of Congress just terminated 727 bills and 40 joint resolutions were introduced in the Senate, and 2,385 bills and 119 joint resolutions in the House.

The threatened strike of the boot bottomers at Millford, Mass., has been averted. They asked for 50 cents additional per case after July 1st, and the manufacturers granted it.

Bellaire Local.

Prof. Duff and his family have gone to Marietta to spend vacation among old friends and relatives.

The school Board has finished the new rules for the government of the schools, which they had under consideration one day last week. The teachers for the ensuing year will be elected next Monday night.

A new tramway has been laid across Indian Run and to a limestone quarry on the side of the hill, connecting with the track already in use.

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FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

The Last Session of the Confederate Parliament—Both Houses Adjourn Without Day, and Without Providing for the Pay of the U. S. Marshals.

WASHINGTON, July 1. SENATE.

Mr. Eaton called up the adjournment resolution and moved to amend by fixing 8 o'clock as the time.

Mr. Windom then spoke in explanation of his course yesterday.

Mr. Kernan—It is not true that the bill vetoed yesterday appropriates \$500,000 applicable to the execution of the laws that are mentioned in the message. It simply prohibits its use to pay special deputy marshals for attending elections.

If a State should provide money for all the ordinary expenses of Sheriffs in enforcing the laws would it be extraordinary if the Legislature saw fit to say: "We want permit you to use this money to have special deputies to arrest men without process on a particular subject."

Mr. Windom—That will not do. What was the original bill about that subject? I offered one yesterday that said nothing about deputy marshals but only marshals and their general deputies, and every Democratic Senator voted for its indefinite postponement.

Mr. Kernan—Yes, after we had added the simple provision that money should not be used for other purposes which the President does not specify.

Mr. Windom continued by showing that for the year 1878 the House had annually passed appropriation bills containing the special clause that the provisions of title 25 of the Revised Statutes should be enforced, and he thought this was in view of the present attitude of the party.

He referred to the assertion of prominent Democratic Senators, that under no circumstances would the necessary appropriations be allowed to fail, and those Senators who had been in the majority raised the point of no quorum. The years and days were then ordered, and resulted in 117 yeas, 21 nays. Mr. Bayne again raised the point of no quorum, and the bill was defeated.

The House then took a recess for ten minutes.

Recess was consumed in handshaking and leave-taking, and the Ohio members of the House refused to lose the State at the next election.

Mr. Atkins, one of the committee appointed to wait on the President, announced that the President had stated that he had no further communication to make.

Five o'clock having arrived the Speaker said: "Gentlemen of the House of Representatives—Before we separate I desire to return my thanks as presiding officer of this House to the members of this House of every political division and to say to them that I appreciate their uniform kindness and conduct, and now, in obedience to the terms of the concurrent resolution of the two Houses fixing the time for the final adjournment of the first session of the Forty-sixth Congress, I declare this House adjourned without day. [Applause all over the House.]

Our Australian Trade.

From the Boston Sunday Herald of June 15.

The House of Representatives has passed a bill appropriating \$20,000 to provide for the representation of the United States at the two international exhibitions in Australia, one of which is to be held in Sydney next August, and the other in Melbourne next year. The bill makes the necessary provisions for procuring room and accommodations for our merchants and manufacturers who wish to exhibit their goods.

Australia now ranks the eleventh nation in the world as regards commerce; and when we consider her comparatively recent settlement there is unquestionably a great future in store for her; and the country which Minister of Agriculture, Mr. McEwen, has so ably represented, is rapidly becoming a permanent mercantile connection with her will, of course, share her prosperity.

England has naturally heretofore monopolized her trade, her exports amounting to \$7,000,000, consisting of beer, hardware, cutlery, machinery, agricultural implements, cotton, wool, and miscellaneous manufactures. Now, as it is an undisputed fact that American fabrics are sold cheaper in London than those made in Australia, it is easy to see that if Australia can be made to understand this a successful competition is assured to us, and that an immense trade awaits us as beyond doubt. Australia is essentially an agricultural country, and the foundation of this trade has already been laid, as we sell thousands of agricultural implements there. The population has in itself the elements of prosperity, being intelligent, thrifty and industrious. The land is also rich, producing the different cereals, sugar, wine, tobacco, arrowroot, dried fruits, silk, gold, tin, copper, iron and coal. To these must be added the more important items, wool and tallow. The United States alone imports amounting to \$13,000,000.

The Bradstreet agency, with its usual enterprise and foresight, some months since sent a staff of able reporters from New York, and they are now actively engaged in reporting the commercial condition of the importers in the entire country, and thus paving the way for more intelligent intercourse.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The French Chamber of Deputies has voted the urgency of Jules Ferry's education bill.

An iron merchant named Westray, of Middleborough, in the East Riding of Yorkshire, has failed. Liabilities, \$300,000.

The Turkish authorities at Jannina have warned the people against purchasing arms from the troops, under pain of martial law.

Hanlan left Manchester yesterday for the United States. He intended before embarking to make a reply to the decision of the Trustees of the Sportsman's Cup.

The steam coal colliers of Merthyr Tydvil, in Wales, numbering 32,000 persons, have resolved to accept the masters' demand of ten per cent reduction of their wages.

July stakes at New Market were won by Mack, Embarrassed second and Evasion third. Lorillard's Cherokee, against which the betting was six to one, came in fifth.

Queen Victoria has commanded that the troops ship Orontes, bearing the remains of the Prince Imperial, shall be escorted on part of her voyage by the colonial fleet.

In the elections for the members of the Austrian Reichsrath thus far the Clerical and Nationalist parties have gained five seats from the constitutionalists.

The newspapers discuss the possibility of a reorganization of the Cabinet on the conservative basis.

FIRE RECORD.

AT ST. JOHNS, N. F.

St. Johns, July 1.—A fire on Water street caused a loss of \$75,000; insurance \$50,000.

AT COLUMBUS, O.

Columbus, July 1.—A fire in Neil's stock yards, this morning, burned three large stables and about one hundred tons of hay. Loss about \$10,000; insured in the Hartford, Hartford, Conn., for \$400, and the Springfield, Springfield, Mass., for \$500.

The bill relative to the pay of committee

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Question of the Prince Imperial's Successor.

The Prince's Will Declares for Victor.

But the Bonapartists Renounce Him for Jerome.

The Ministerial Muscles in Germany.

Bismarck Threatens to Desert the Ultramontanes.

FRANCE.

THE PERPLEXITY OF THE BONAPARTISTS.

LONDON, July 1.—The Times correspondent at Paris says: A majority of the Bonapartists are understood to concur with Mr. Rother in acknowledging Prince Jerome Bonaparte as Chief of the Napoleonic dynasty. They argue that the will of the late Prince Imperial, which asks Emperor Eugene to co-operate with Prince Victor, was written on the assumption that the testator would survive Prince Jerome Bonaparte. This reasoning, however, is considered a transparent excuse for the non-observance of the impracticable will of the Prince Imperial. Mr. Rother's retirement from active politics is eventually owing to the feeling that he and the Bonapartists cannot co-exist, and the latter could not be set aside. What between Prince Jerome Bonaparte and his possible adherence to the Republic, and the impossibility of the clerical section of the Bonapartists choosing a leader without either acting against the wishes of the Prince Imperial's will or provoking a distrust disavowed